

He Was a God
For a Little While.

The queer adventures of an American sailor
in the South Seas who missed out on marry-
ing a native queen.

In Next Sunday's Post-Dispatch.

VOL. 48, NO. 166.

FRIDAY EVENING-ST. LOUIS-JANUARY 22, 1897.

Lost in the
Wilds of Africa.

The adventures of a St. Louisian on the
Dark Continent forty years ago. Illustrated

In Next Sunday's Post-Dispatch.

PRICE IN ST. LOUIS, ONE CENT.
OUTSIDE ST. LOUIS, TWO CENTS.

Thousands Would Now Feel "Lost" Without Their P.-D. Wants.

SUBCOMMITTEE GIVEN POWER.

FIVE MEN TO SELECT A PLAN OF
REORGANIZATION.

LEADING DEMOCRATS' VIEWS.

Practically Unanimous Belief That a
New City Committee Is a
Necessity.

The State Committee has left the settlement of the question of reorganization of the city Democracy to a sub-committee composed of five members, namely, Chairman Sam B. Cook of Mexico, Editor W. R. Painter of the Carrolton Democrat, who holds Virgil Conkling's proxy; T. J. Ward and Thomas E. Barrett of St. Louis, and Thomas B. Love of Springfield.

This sub-committee has the full power of the State Committee; that is, it has the authority to decide upon a plan of reorganization and to put it into force in this city. The sub-committee will look into the subject with great deliberation, and will not act hastily in arriving at a conclusion. This is the most momentous question that has ever arisen in regard to the welfare of the Democracy of St. Louis, because the very foundations of the present organization are to be changed in many respects.

The sub-committee is not only hearing suggestions from city Democrats to-day, but the members of the sub-committee will call upon a number of prominent Democrats and advise with them privately. The expressed desire is to arrive at a preconcert plan that will be fair and satisfactory.

The sub-committee was called to order at 10 o'clock Friday morning, in Parlor B, at the Planters' House, by Chairman Cook. Tom Barrett and Tom Ward, the two St. Louis members, were absent. The meeting was open and any city Democrat was admitted and allowed to give his views on reorganization. Only a few Democrats were present, however. Sterling P. Bond of the Jefferson Club was the first to offer suggestions. He spoke in favor of the people voting directly for precinct committeemen, who, in turn, could select Central Committeemen. Mr. Bond spoke against the present Ryan primary law, saying that only a rich man could afford to run for delegates now.

Mr. Bond thought that precinct committeemen would have to be elected under the present primary law, the only legal way. He said that under the present system of party management the methods were not only bad, but a number of the men in control were not up to the standard desired by the majority of the Democrats of the party. He believed a new plan of precinct organization should be carried out under a primary election around which should be placed the same safeguards that are found at regular State and city elections.

H. A. Hawes, acting as chairman of a committee from the Jefferson Club, gave the views of that organization as expressed in resolutions. He said a precinct plan should be adopted, and that the Central Committeemen should be elected by a direct vote of the people; then these precinct committeemen could assemble in a convention and elect a man to represent a ward on an Advisory Board to act as the central body in the city.

Mr. Hawes said no matter whether the present City Committee was guilty of charges of inefficiency and incompetence or not, it had lost the confidence of the public. Under the present system, the Central Committeemen gave his flat in a ward and anybody who opposed his bossism was not wanted. Public sentiment was arrayed against the present City Committee, and it should be abolished and a new committee under a precinct plan be elected in the spring campaign. He thought a new committee should be elected at once.

Tom Cannon of the Jefferson Club said the party had no confidence in the present City Committee, and therefore it could not collect funds to run a campaign. He thought the party should elect the City Committee, should be reorganized. Chairman Cook remarked that the State Committee only had the power to select a plan, and the party in the city would have to elect the City Committee.

Mr. Cannon replied that if the State Committee would only give the city a precinct plan to be carried out by direct vote the people would turn out and elect good men. James W. Brown of the Nineteenth Ward said the Democracy would never carry St. Louis while the present primary law was in force, because the money could not be obtained to put up the delegations. He said that under the old system of the Democracy carried the city from the time of the Scheme and Charter down to the election of William Evans. He believed the party should return to that old system.

Dr. Parrish spoke in favor of reorganization on any precinct plan that would give the people some rights. Orville Smith proposed that one precinct committeemen be elected in each precinct at the regular primary election for the next City Convention, and that the present City Committee be retained as an Advisory Board, but that the precinct committeemen should have the authority to remove any member of the City Committee whose work was unsatisfactory. The 425 precinct committeemen would be elected by the City Committee. In anticipation of the objection that such a committee would be unwieldy, Mr. Smith said that any member who could not be present could be represented by proxy, the same as is the custom in the State Committee. John Lindsay, ex-Chief of the Fire Department, heartily endorsed Mr. Smith's plan. Thomas Ryan of the Knights of Labor and of the Workmen's Bryan Club, was rabid in his opposition to the City Committee. He said under the present system five or six men met in a dark back room somewhere and whispered together and fixed up a "state" and then they went out and put a body they could "touch," and put the name in their own pockets and spent the money for the party. He wanted a precinct plan to give the people a chance to elect from the rank of the party ward bosses. Ex-Gov. Robert A. Campbell proposed a plan modeled after the one by which the late Springfield convention selected the State Committee. He argued that a committee must be elected immediately to meet the emergency for the spring campaign. Therefore he believed the present City Committee should be kept, but that the State Committee should enlarge it by appointing twenty-eight new members, one from each ward. This making a total of fifty-six members in the City Committee. This enlarged City Committee could call the next city convention, which should have its delegates from each precinct instead of from so many delegates from each ward. Then

BIG CLOTHING COMBINE.

Manufacturers Representing \$350,000,000 Form a
National Association for the Benefit of Their Trade.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.
NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—After years of quiet but persistent effort the clothing manufacturers of the country have organized a combine, to be known as the National Clothiers' Association. It was born in this city Wednesday night at the Savoy Hotel. The manufacturers from every important trade center in the country had been in conference several days and the competitive rivalry of years was buried in a scheme for combination.

The officers elected are: Sam'l Rosenthal, Baltimore, President; Alfred Hockstader of New York, First Vice-President; Adolph Nathan of Chicago, Second Vice-President, and Jacob Scheuer of Cincinnati, Treasurer.

The importance of this new combination is revealed in the fact that the firms pledged to the scheme have an annual output representing \$350,000,000. It is generally admitted that no single industry in this country employs more capital or labor than the manufacturers of clothing.

The only avowed purposes of the combine are to do away with long credits, excessive dating and the cancellation of orders; to influence legislation in the interests of the trade in general, and to promote harmony where rabid competition has hitherto prevailed. According to the organizers it is to serve purely as a Board of Trade, so to speak, for the clothing industry.

They assert with vehemence that prices are not to be tampered with, and that each manufacturer will be at liberty, as heretofore, to conduct his business as he pleases. These gentlemen also say the association does not propose to take action in labor difficulties; but the effect of this assurance is somewhat marred by the character of debate among the manufacturers preceding the adoption of the constitution. The upshot was a decision to submit the constitution to the clothing associations of each trade center for their views. The majority favored having the constitution as free from detailed definition of purposes as possible. By this way the law will be left open for any form of combine enterprise.

The new organization promises to fight the present law of preference in assignments, and will support the Torrey national bankruptcy bill.

the city convention could elect a new City Committee to be at the head of the party after the spring campaign is closed.

Gov. Campbell thought the State Committee had the power to enlarge the present City Committee, but he doubted if the State Committee had the right to call primaries to elect precinct committeemen. Chairman Cook asked why, if the State Committee had power to appoint a portion of a City Committee, it could not appoint an entirely new committee?

Gov. Campbell replied that when the State Committee recommended a City Committee it should put trust in the latter, and the City Committee would be the people's body to call the primaries. He would give the people a voice by allowing the enlarged City Committee to select primaries where precinct delegates would be sent to the next City Convention.

Charles T. Noland did not agree with Orville Smith's plan of allowing the present City Committee to remain as an advisory board; otherwise he agreed with Mr. Smith's plan. Mr. Noland believed the present City Committee should be wiped out of existence and that it could legally call primaries for election of precinct committeemen. He would have the people elect one committeemen in each precinct, then these 425 precinct committeemen in the city could meet and elect eighty-four men, three to a ward, to act as a Central Committee. A number of good men were in the present City Committee, and they would be a great help to the committee, while the inefficient men would be weeded out.

Joseph W. Falk, First Vice-President of the Jefferson Club, spoke in favor of the State Committee calling primaries immediately for the election of precinct committeemen. Such an election could be held and a new City Committee could be elected in ten days or two weeks. R. T. Brownrigg of the Jefferson Club favored the same action. The meeting adjourned at 12:30 until 2 o'clock p. m.

NO SUBPOENAS ISSUED.

Messrs. Higgins and Brady Will
Round-Up Their Own Witnesses.

Depositions in the case of Ed Butler vs. Hugh J. Brady and Charles Higgins, to determine what was done with the \$2,500 St. Louis Capitol fund, which Butler claims to have turned over to Brady and Higgins, were to have begun in Attorney Ford Smith's office Friday afternoon. Attorney Smith was appointed special commissioner to take depositions. On request of Mr. Brady they were continued to January 30.



WALTER K. FREEMAN IN COURT.
This man is on trial in New York on a felonious charge, which has singularly suspicious features about it. He declares that he is the victim of a conspiracy on the part of millionaires, who seek to have him put away that they may possess his valuable patent, and many believe his assertions.

TWO LYNCHED.

A Georgia Mob Hanged Negroes Who
Were Suspected of Assassinating
Mrs. Rowland.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.
NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 22.—A dispatch from Jeffersonville, Ga., says the jail at that place was broken into this morning by an armed mob and two negroes, Willis White and Charles Rowland, were taken out and hanged. Both bodies this morning dangled from the same limb and both were perforated with bullets. The negroes were accused of the assassination of Mrs. Rowland at Adams Park.

FOUGHT TO THE DEATH.

An Exciting Contest Between Two Circus
Leopards.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 22.—There was an exciting fight to the death between two large male leopards confined in a cage of the winter quarters of Lemon Bros.' circus at Argentine. The leopards had been on unfriendly terms for several days, but Keeper Fisher was able to control them. When the fight began there was a scene of the wildest pandemonium, the other animals joining in the hubbub. Circus employees from all over the building ran to the menagerie room. They saw "zerke," the winner of the battle, standing over the dead body of "Spot." The victor was sucking the dead leopard's blood. Keeper Fisher explains that a display of unusual viciousness made by the animals is caused by their being fed on horsemeat.

PUBLIC DEFENDER.

A Court Office Which Women Want
Created in New York.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.
NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—The newest idea of the new woman has come to the front here and the old-time salary grabbers are disgusted with themselves for not having thought of the scheme long ago. It is to create the court office of Public Defender. Mrs. Clara Faltz, a lawyer of this city, is in Albany in the interest of the measure and expects to succeed in having the bill passed by this Legislature. The Public Defender is to have the conduct of the defense of all persons accused of an offense against the law who are unable to pay counsel. Women are to be eligible to fill the office.

HILL DOES NOT UNDERSTAND HOW IT WORKS. THIS WAY IN.



This Is One of the New-Fangled Doors. It Is at the Entrance of the United States Senate and Mr. Platt Can Manage It Gracefully.

FOUND HER IN THE MORGUE.

JOHN MALLOY AWAITED A VISIT
FROM HIS MOTHER.

FATALLY INJURED ON THE WAY.

Two Days Later Her Boys Found Her
and Rescued Her From a
Pauper's Grave.

The home of John Malloy of 1710 Division street was put in ship shape early Tuesday morning. The mother of John Malloy, Mrs. John's aged mother, Mrs. Bridget Malloy. The visit was not made. Mrs. Malloy started to John's house, but she never reached there.

Thursday afternoon John found his mother's body on a slab at the Morgue. Up to the time of the accident which resulted in her death and her subsequent narrow escape from a pauper's grave, Mrs. Malloy resided with her son, Anthony Malloy, at 5113 Magnolia avenue. Anthony is foreman of the Smith-Davis Manufacturing Co.'s plant and is well to do.

Though 65 years old, Mrs. Malloy was in the habit of visiting the homes of her three other sons at least once a month. Last Tuesday she left Anthony's home to visit her son John. She got off a Chicago's Railway car at Eighteenth and Morgan streets, intending to walk north to Division street.

She had crossed Franklin avenue and was just stepping onto the pavement when she slipped and fell. Her head hit the pavement with terrific force. She lay there unconscious until a policeman picked her up. An ambulance was called and she was taken to the City Dispensary. The doctors' efforts to bring her back to consciousness were unavailing. The old lady was sent to the Female Hospital.

Her skull was found to be badly fractured. She remained unconscious all that night and died Wednesday morning.

Just before the old lady expired she uttered the single word Malloy. It was the only clue to her identity.

Meanwhile John Malloy was worrying about his mother's failure to visit him. He called on his brother Anthony and was surprised to learn that his mother had started to make the visit. Greatly alarmed he began a search for his mother.

John, who has charge of the billiard room at the Mercantile Club secured a leave of absence and put in all day Wednesday looking for his mother. He called on his brother George, who has charge of Bart Ready's billiard room, but the old lady, of course, had not been there. At the home of

BURIAL PERMITS.

The following deaths have been reported in the city during the twenty-four hours ending at noon:
ROSA SCHWABDROWSKI, 55 days, 149 North Main; congestion of brain.
ALVIN H. THOMPSON, 54, City Hospital; senility.
WILLIAM H. CURTIS, 56, City Hospital; enteritis.

CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE.

EX-SHERIFF SHORT.

J. N. Patterson of Stoddard County,
Mo., in Serious Trouble Through
Disipation.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.
DEXTER, Mo., Jan. 22.—The discovery has been made that J. N. Patterson, ex-Sheriff of this (Stoddard) county, is short in his accounts about \$2,500, and numerous suits are in course of preparation to compel him and his bondsmen to make up the several amounts collected through legal process by Patterson for other parties and converted to his own use.

This fact came to light through the demand of the Adelle Goldman Commission.

John notified his brothers George and Anthony by telephone and hastened to the Morgue. He was met down town by his brothers and together the three went to identify and claim their mother's body. Already preparations were going forward to have the body removed to Potter's field. The body was removed to John Malloy's home. The funeral took place there Friday afternoon.

SIR ISAAC PITMAN DEAD.

Inventor of the Shorthand System
Which Bears His Name.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—Sir Isaac Pitman, the inventor of the shorthand system which bears his name, is dead.



He has been suffering several years from a complication of troubles.

STEAMER RUN DOWN.

The Salisbury Sinks a Vessel With a
Crew of Twenty Men.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—The British steamer Salisbury, from Port Reath to Newport, has been in collision with an unknown steamer, about four miles from Ilfracombe, Devonshire. The latter is supposed to have sunk, with a crew of about twenty men.

THE EX-GOVERNOR IS ILL.

Hon. W. J. Stone Confined to His Room
at the Planters'.

Ex-Gov. Wm. J. Stone is confined to his bed at the Planters' Hotel.

COB PIPES BARRED.

Gen. Buckner's Pet Vase Tabooed in
the House.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 22.—The doorkeepers of the House are not respectful persons. To-day when Simon Bolivar Buckner, late candidate for the Vice-Presidency on the Orphans' ticket, tried to enter the House with a corn cob pipe in his mouth, they stopped him and made him put the pipe in his pocket.

ADMITTED TO THE BAR.

Daughter of Col. Breckinridge to Practice
Law.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.
FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 22.—Miss Sophronia Breckinridge, daughter of Col. W. C. P. Breckinridge, was admitted to the bar by the Court of Appeals this morning.



Co. upon the bondsmen of Mr. Patterson to settle a balance of \$300 due them on account of an execution collected by the ex-sheriff, which amount had never been turned over to them.

Patterson went out of office early in January, and his shortage was a surprise to the people. He was a good officer and has made several important captures of desperate criminals in this and other States. Disipation was his besetting sin, and it is this act that caused his downfall. His bondsmen asked the Circuit Court to release them from his bond about a year ago. It complied with the request. Patterson, however, made a new bond and took the Keesley cure. He broke over a few months ago and has been drinking at irregular intervals ever since. He treats his shortage in the coolest possible manner, and it seems to give him little or no concern.

FAIR AND MUCH COLDER.

The Weather Bureau forecasts are
as follows:

For St. Louis and vicinity—Generally fair Friday night and Saturday; much colder Friday night.

Missouri—Generally fair Friday night and Saturday; much colder Friday night.

Illinois—Generally fair Friday night and Saturday; much colder Friday night, with cold waves in Northeast portions.

The low area in the North has moved rapidly eastward to the Upper Lakes and is closely followed by fast rising pressure and a cold wave which Friday morning covers the British Northwest, North Dakota and Northern Minnesota. The temperatures have also fallen somewhat in Montana, Colorado, the South and East. In the interior of the country there has been a considerable rise.

Light snows have fallen in the Lake Region, the Ohio Valley and the Northwest. Fair weather prevailed over the remaining sections.

GROWING BLACK AND HAIRY.

BERNARD MCCARTHY SHOWS
SIGNS OF DEGENERATION.

HIS ENTIRE SKIN DISCOLORED.

Whites of His Eyes Darkened and the
Hair on His Body Is Four
Inches Long.

Bernard McCarthy of 408 North Second street is developing peculiar and unnatural symptoms. His condition is such as to indicate a degeneration from a member of the human family to a lower order of beings.

Several years ago a little growth of hair started on McCarthy's chest. It grew longer slowly and gradually spread over his chest. The growth continued and now it covers his entire chest and is about four inches in length.

The hair is a light, sandy color, and curls slightly. He noticed the hair growing, but didn't think it was anything serious and never said anything about it.

Three weeks ago he felt an itching of the skin on his chest. The irritation was severe and he kept rubbing himself, but was unable to pacify it.

He took off his shirt to see what the trouble was. He noticed a stripe of a dark bronze color across his chest. It was about two inches wide and six inches long. It was dark in the center and grew dimmer near the edges.

Next day he examined himself again and found the bronze spot was spreading. He apprehended yellow jaundice and watched himself closely afterward, but did not consult a physician.

The spot gradually spread and grew darker in color. It has now covered his entire body, even the soles of his feet and the scalp on his head, and is still getting darker. His health, otherwise, is good.

The whites of his eyes have changed from their natural color to a dark blue like that of some animals.

About two years ago McCarthy had a peculiar spell of illness that lasted for a week. He was examined by several physicians, but they were not able to tell what was the trouble or in what part of his system it originated. After a while he got well and thought no more of it.

Friday he became alarmed at his condition and went to the North End dispensary. Dr. Edward F. Randall made a careful and thorough examination. He pronounced the symptoms unusual and peculiar. The case is a mystery and will probably bring interesting developments.

Dr. Randall says he has never known of a case just like this. A few years ago he had a case something similar, except for the growth of hair. This was a man 35 years old. His skin gradually grew darker until he became almost like a neg.

The man died two months after trouble began. Dr. Randall attributed the discoloration in that case to the deposit of a poison pigment, with an acute affinity for the skin, by the suprarenal capsule, which is located above the kidneys.

McCarthy's case is much more mysterious. The doctor will watch the developments closely. Meanwhile he will give him treatment to keep his system in perfect order.

McCarthy is 39 years old, is married and has twelve children. He has lived in St. Louis 21 years. He was born in Worcester, Mass. He has never had much sickness outside of an eleven weeks' spell of typhoid fever about two years before he left Worcester, and a week's illness about two years ago. He worked in a foundry in Worcester, but has done all sorts of work since he came to this city.



THE WEATHER FORECAST.

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And Make
Things Happen!**

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AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

CENTURY—E. H. Sobren.
FOURTEENTH STREET—Lewis Morrison.
RELAND—The Bull Fighters.
HOPKINS—Continues.
HAYLIN—James J. Corbett.
OLYMPIC—The Nabobs.
TAGAN—Continues.
MATINEES TO-MORROW.
FOURTEENTH STREET—Lewis Morrison.
CENTURY—E. H. Sobren.
OLYMPIC—The Nabobs.
HAYLIN—James J. Corbett.
HOPKINS—Continues.
RELAND—The Bull Fighters.

ST. LOUIS' EXPORT TARIFF.

St. Louis is hoping for advantages in the Western grain export trade from the fact that water rates via the great lakes and the Erie Canal will hereafter discriminate against Chicago. But this advantage is remote. The general improvement of the Mississippi River is vital to its success, and it is not many weeks since an offer of cooperation from New Orleans to St. Louis with that end in view was rejected. The committee of the Merchants' Exchange which took that action may not have represented the sentiment of the general body. But it spoke officially and its action has gone unchallenged. Galveston is a greater rival of St. Louis than is Chicago in the matter of grain shipments. The bulk of Chicago grain comes out of territory in no way tributary to St. Louis. For some years to come, at least, we must compete with Galveston, not through New Orleans, but through the Southern Atlantic seaports, with all of which we have quick rail communication, but to reach which all our business must pay an export duty at the city gates.

THE PASSING OF PEPPER.

The retirement of Pepper from the Senate will occasion no regret. The ease with which he was put out of consideration for re-election in the Kansas Populist caucus shows unmistakably that he was no longer in touch with his party or the principles it represents, and that he contributed nothing to its recent victory in the State. Senator Pepper may have been, and probably was, honest, but the abstract support of principle. But he was weak in action. He was a self-seeker first of all. His alliance with the Republicans, which gave that party control of the Senate offices a few years ago, followed by the bestowal of patronage upon members of his family, shook the confidence of his party in his integrity. For the honest Populist is quick to see that the greatest foe to the success of his cause is the Republican party. Against that party he is always armed. He is willing to give it no point of vantage, however small, and he regards with distrust any of its leaders who will make terms with it. Pepper's successor is a man unknown to the country, but we venture the assertion that he will be more effective in the people's cause than Pepper has ever been. He certainly could not be less so.

TROUBLE IN ILLINOIS.

From that excellent Republican authority, the Chicago Tribune, we gather that the Republican party of Illinois is split from center to circumference. And all because of the election of William E. Mason, as good a Republican as ever favored a high tariff, a national bank issue or a railroad subsidy. The Tribune is not so much enraged because it was Mason as because it was not Mitt. It declares, we believe with authority, that Gov. Tanner is just as mad as it is itself. And it proceeds to say that the men who are responsible for state defeat will be crushed by the new machine to be erected entirely outside

of Cook County, which is hereafter to run Republican politics in Illinois. The Tribune says more. A new apportionment is to be made this year and Tanner will make it. And legislators and Congressmen who have contributed to this dire result will find themselves put in districts where their chances of continued party preferment will be like unto that of the icicle in Hades. And, as for the Chicago machine men, let not one of them show his diminished head in any Chicago or Cook County convention if he is not seeking personal disfigurement. "Tanner," says the Tribune, "never shirks a fight and seldom loses one." But Tanner is only the voice and hand of Cullom. And Cullom always shirks a fight.

TAKING STREET RAILROADS.

Chairman Ward of the Ways and Means Committee has introduced a bill in the House, at Jefferson City, which embodies the suggestion recently made by the Post-Dispatch regarding the assessment of street railroad property. It provides for the most uniform assessment and taxation of street railroads in cities having 100,000 inhabitants or over, thus making it applicable to St. Louis and Kansas City only. The Post-Dispatch thinks that the scope of the law might properly be broadened, so as to include all street railroads in the State operated by cable or electric. But, if passed in its present form, it will remedy one of the grossest inequalities in taxation that now exists in Missouri.

No kind of property has increased so greatly in value during the last ten or fifteen years as that of the street railroads. Much of the value of this property comes from the market valuation placed upon franchises which were obtained by the companies as a free gift or for trifling compensation, and for which they make practically no equivalent return in the way of taxation.

Nor has the limit of their value been reached. The shrewdest among the large capitalists of this country and Europe are eagerly seeking opportunities for investments in street and suburban railroads. Within twenty years—probably within ten years—all the territory within ten or twenty miles of the large cities will be reached by electric car lines, and all cities and towns lying close together will be connected by them. Vast fortunes have already been made by exploiting street railway property, and they are still being made.

There is no property, therefore, that can with greater propriety be called upon to pay its full share of public taxation than these properties, which are created by public franchises and which have enriched and are enriching their owners. Yet it is notorious that they practically escape taxation, and nowhere is this more conspicuous than in St. Louis and Kansas City.

The effect of Representative Ward's bill will be to make street railroads subject to assessment and taxation in the same manner as other railroad property in the State. Its assessment will be finally fixed by the State Board of Equalization, as in the case of steam railroads, and the result would be an immediate and large increase of the public revenues in both cities.

JOHN GRANT OF TEXAS.

The country at large has been thirsting for several days to know more concerning one John Grant of Texas. The first the country at large heard of John Grant was the announcement that a delegation of Texas Republicans had gone to Canton to urge him for a Cabinet place. Since then, like Oliver Twist, we have all been crying for more. And now we have it. Accompanying the Canton pilgrims was a printed memorial identifying the candidate. The description is so complete in detail that space will not permit its reproduction in full. But here is a specimen extract:

He possesses all the attributes of greatness. A born leader of the people, and one they delight to follow, because they know that he is neither inducement nor danger will drive him from the line along which duty lies. There you have the form and likeness of the man. "A born leader of the people," whom the people of Texas have refused to follow. Clearly a case of misunderstanding. The candidate recently defeated by a Washington correspondent who said that "the real leaders" in the Senate wanted to adopt the arbitration treaty at once, but "the smaller men" would not allow it. People who cannot understand how "born leaders" or "real leaders" fail to lead must allow something for metaphor.

Now, what has John Grant done? His memorial says: It was he who pierced the gloom of Texas; broke down the barriers between political serfdom and emancipation, and led the Republican hosts in the clear light of day. He was, who, like the magnet, drew the scattered fragments into one and made the thing of weakness a tower of strength. "The Republican host of Texas" is gifted with marvelous eyesight if, buried under a mountainous majority, it can see "the clear light of day." The "Republican host of Texas" is John Grant himself. He used to run a hostelry at Sherman.

When Don Cameron steps out of the Senate an experienced legislator will be lost to the country. One of Mr. Cameron's legislative methods is thus described: "He made a motion in the Senate one day which was lost by several majority. He said nothing, but those who were watching noticed him going down to the restaurant from time to time with parties of senators who had voted against the motion. They would sit around a table with a bottle of champagne and a few glasses for awhile, and then return to the Senate Chamber. Later in the day Mr. Cameron renewed his motion, and it was carried almost unanimously." Perhaps Mr. Quay, by persistent coaxing, will bring Mr. Cameron out to something like Mr. Cameron's attainments, but Mr. Cameron is going to be missed.

The New York millionaire of the rusty hat and shabby coat whose will now shows him to have been so wealthy, was better to his heirs than to the poor people employed in the manufacture of clothing. Of all greedy opulence, that which goes in rust and shabbiness is least tolerable.

The press of the country reverts to record any progress of the new woman toward the sinful condition of the old man, but it cannot avoid noticing the case of the feminine post-office money order clerk in Kansas or calling attention

to the fact that one woman in St. Louis has been discovered in the act of purloining valuable drugs, while another is guilty of counterfeiting, or aiding counterfeiters. Evidently there is a man at the bottom of each of these crimes.

At the Chicago Council meeting Monday evening Alderman Manierre tried to secure the passage of an order instructing the corporation counsel to prepare for presentation to the Legislature a bill amending the charter act so as to authorize cities to own, operate, license or control telephone systems, gas works, street railways and electric-lighting plants. The Chicago Record thinks the Legislature should take up this matter, as every city in Illinois is interested in getting the cheapest and best service.

"When the deluge comes and we cry for more water, we shall get more sewage," says Mr. Woods of Joliet. The Chicago drainage board is a bolder of pestilence in Illinois is going to make itself known, perhaps in advance of the prosperity wave.

The endorsement of Mr. Sherman by the General Assembly Republicans for Secretary of the Treasury when it is certain that he is to be the Secretary of State is not easy to understand. Does it mean that he is unfit for the State Department?

Representative Wade of Greene is right. Many young persons are "spilt by machine education." Most of us, however, are helped and improved by knowledge, and elderly educated people are often very useful.

Dr. Barthold has a right to complain of the exclusion of immigrants when so large a part of the gold vote last fall was foreign. It will be hard to explain to these voters the position of the Immigration Committee.

Eckels may have neglected his business, but it was Mr. Carlisle's Sherman financial policy that made the hard times that have broken the Kentucky banks. Eckels will not do for a scapegoat in so plain a case.

The result of the Missouri election was clearly a defeat for the railroad corporations, yet they have the assurance to undertake to control the Legislature just as if nothing had happened.

Of the largest cities New Orleans shows the highest and St. Louis the lowest death rate for the first quarter of 1896. The New Orleans rate is 31, the St. Louis rate only 16.7.

With the Government expenses running far past the billion figure, we shall have to buy large quantities of foreign goods to collect sufficient import duties to keep us going.

If Mark Hanna is without a sense of shame, Mr. McKinley ought to have it. Their treatment of poor old Sherman is simply barbarous. Mr. Hoar is justly indignant.

Hanna is certainly an able campaign manager than ever Mr. Sherman has been. Is he not therefore fit for the shoes that are to be jerked off Sherman?

In those cities where a few women still insist on wearing high hats it might be well to reserve for them the back row of seats at every performance.

President Arthur's international silver coin, which is now again proposed, may have to wait for that "international agreement."

Post-Dispatch advertisers sell their goods because the Post-Dispatch has more readers than any other St. Louis newspaper.

It is a good and proper thing that in these hard times the Illinois Senatorship should have gone to a man with seven children.

The city can do much better for itself with the Waterworks than any other corporation would do for it.

Senator Gray will have to go. He may be a Blue Hen's chicken, but he is no Democratic chancier.

The Government is asked to be on with the Nicaragua Canal before it is off with the Pacific railroads.

Mr. Cleveland wants to go out leaving his country an ally of Spain and an ally of Great Britain.

Your humble servant the fellow servant seems to have some show at last up at Jefferson City.

Between Weyler and 4,000 cases of small-pox, Havana is in a truly deplorable plight.

Perhaps Senator Cullom can show that he looks like a member of Lincoln's Cabinet.

One might suppose that in Judge Murphy's Court Justice is blind drunk.

Gov. Tanner feels that he has been "attacked" by his own party.

Very Much Out of Balance. From the Sedalia (Mo.) Sentinel.

Mr. Lee of Carter County made a savage attack on the editor of the Post-Dispatch in the House, which will do the member far more injury than anybody else. It showed, to say the least, that he is, or was, very much out of balance.

It Read That Way. From the Indianapolis Journal.

The Living Skeleton: I guess here is the contortionist you were wanting, right here in the want column.

The Manager: What does it say? The Living Skeleton: "Wanted—Employment by a young man able and willing to take any kind of position."

Uttered Terrors. From the Washington Post.

A party of Texas Rangers has gone to Cuba, and as they are not familiar with typewriters, stenography and other features of modern warfare, they may make trouble.

IN THE PUBLIC EYE.



COUNTESS WACHTMEISTER.
This is a picture of one of the most prominent of Theosophists. She is by birth an Italian, though she married the Swedish Minister to England and speaks faultless English. She is visiting Chicago and in March will begin a six months' tour of the United States in company with Mrs. Besant.

MEN OF MARK.

The late David J. Hennessy of Dubuque, Ia., left his estate valued at \$100,000, to his brother, Archbishop John Hennessy of Dubuque.

C. P. Villiers, "Father of the House of Commons," who has just celebrated his 95th birthday, has represented Wolverhampton uninterruptedly for sixty-two years.

M. Doumer, Minister of Finance in the Bourgeois Cabinet of France, and author of the income tax scheme, has accepted the Governorship of Tonkin, vacant by the death of M. Armand Rousseau. M. Doumer was born at Aurillac in 1837, is a barrister and journalist, and has sat four years in the Chamber.

When Joaquin Miller was in Seattle recently, a man stopped him and examining his neck, remarked: "Yes, you are Joaquin Miller."

The stranger then reminded Miller that over forty years ago he had pulled a poisoned arrow from Miller's neck and sucked the venom from the wound.

Addressing women who are wives, the other day in Tremont Temple, Boston, Mr. Moody told them that if they have just complaint against their husbands they should seek divorce. Anticipating the objection that such advice would break up homes, he declared that he gave it for the rebuilding of the home and the defense of the family honor.

WOMEN OF NOTE.

It has been decided that Melba must take a sea voyage and a rest. She will sail for Havre on Saturday, and will probably be away for six weeks.

The highest paid choir singers in the world are two American women—Miss De Vere, at the Paxton Church, New York, who receives \$4,500 a year, and Miss Dutton, at a Baptist Church, New York, who receives \$3,000.

The famous American prima donna, Minnie Hauk, is living quietly at her beautiful villa near Lucerne with her husband, Chevalier Victor Wagner, who is a distinguished traveler and writer of books of travels, and is, not like so many husbands of prima donnas, dependent upon his wife's income.

Marchioness Li, wife of Li Hung Chang, is more than 50, yet she looks 30. In her magnificent home on the banks of the Pei-Ho she lives in great style, and has a large staff of attendants and servants answer her beck and call. In her wardrobe are guarded 2,000 coats, 1,200 pairs of "trousersettes" and 500 fur robes made from the finest skins.

"Mrs. Ida A. Harper," says the Boston Transcript, "is to write the biography of Miss Susan B. Anthony, under the supervision of Miss Anthony's daughter, Miss Anna. She has spent most of her life in Indiana. For some time she was managing editor of the Terre Haute Daily News, besides doing all the paper's political writing. All Miss Anthony's correspondence and family papers will be placed at her service. Her work is expected to occupy at least a year."

CURRENT WIT.

No Limitations.—"The ancient Greek theater didn't have any roof." "Ah, those were the good old days for the vaudeville dancers."—Chicago Record.

"How came you here?" said the visitor to a prisoner in the penitentiary. "I was brought here by my convictions." "Ah, those were the good old days for the vaudeville dancers."—Chicago Record.

I. Skinnier: Why do you always bring up that subject of the bad piece of ground I sold you? E. Z. Mark: Can't help it. I have to dwell on it.—Philadelphia Record.

"Theory and practice are different things," said the professor. "Yes, indeed," assented the medical student. "I pay for theory and I will be paid for practice."—Brooklyn Life.

Miss Moneybags: Well, Count, I wish you would make up your mind—either we marry or we part. Count von Brokenstein: Very well, mees; first ze one, and zen ze ozer.—Evening World.

"This," the young man declared airily, "this I am certain is at least my three hundredth time on earth." "It's darn funny you don't know any more, then," said the orthodox old gentleman with the brindle whiskers.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Mr. Wagner estimates that Duestrow has smoked on an average four packages of cigarettes daily since he has been in confinement. From Feb. 18, 1894, to Jan. 22, 1897, there are 1,095 days. Allowing four packages per day, this would make 4,380 packages of cigarettes. There are 20 cigarettes in each package, and the total number of cigarettes consumed by Duestrow, according to Mr. Wagner's figures, is 87,600.

According to many experts who denounce the cigarette habit, there should be no necessity for Duestrow to feign insanity. He is a confirmed habit, and will continue to smoke, said Mr. Wagner, "that is Duestrow's case." He was admitted to jail on Feb. 18, 1894. Now the Supreme Court says he shall be hanged on Feb. 18, 1897, just three years from the time he was sent to jail.

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FATE OF HIS STEPMOTHER.

One of the Turk's Victims Arrested in St. Louis for Peddling Without License.

Kirkor Artinian was driven out of his own Armenia by the Turkish authorities and came to St. Louis. He was arrested Tuesday for peddling without license. Artinian, while in a cell, told the Post-Dispatch reporter how he came to leave Armenia.

He is living at 709 Market street, and has been in this city since last April, having sailed from Constantinople in March, by order of the Porte. He can talk little English.

He says that he left his home, in Harkoor, Armenia, during a massacre by a detachment of the Turkish army. The troops entered the home of his parents, on one of the prettiest boulevards in the city. Kirkor saw the sword of a cavalryman fall on the neck of his sister and he saw the same blade penetrate the heart of his father. He was pinned against the wall by four uniformed soldiers, who tried to force him to reveal the secret of the hiding place of the family wealth.

They were busy trying to force that information from Kirkor when his stepmother, a beautiful woman of 25 years, came out of a chamber and handed to the bloody-soldiers a basket of jewels. The men turned from Kirkor to receive the treasure, when they saw the woman and beauty they carried her into her bed chamber.

That was Kirkor's opportunity to escape. He left the house, ran through the back streets and got out of the city. By night he was captured by a band of reserves and was carried across the Dardanelles into Constantinople, where he was held seven days in prison and then given a passport with instructions not to enter the country again.

He came to America, and from New York to St. Louis. Here he has been making a living by peddling without license. With the first of the year his license expired and he failed to renew it. Thursday he was arrested and taken to the police station for not having a license.

In the Police Station, in preferring the charge against him, Mayor McFarland cited the wrong ordinance.

The sergeant, through an oversight, had the charge run down the weights and measures, when it should have been selling without a license.

Attorney Jeff Storts pointed out to Judge Feabody the error and his client was discharged.

THE MAYOR IS TO BLAME.

He Accepts Responsibility for the Auditorium Eysore.

How long is the Republican Auditorium to remain a crumbling wreck?

The people living and doing business in the vicinity of Twelfth street and Clark avenue are asking this question. They will ask it in a formal way of Mayor Walbridge.

They are circulating a petition asking him to declare the building a nuisance. Charles Lauder, Frederick Winkler, George Stouffer, Julius Bismarck and Louis Elbes are moving in the matter.

The building was to have been removed not later than Nov. 1. Mayor Walbridge extended the time to Jan. 1. The roof has been removed, the windows taken out and the stairs torn down. The walls are still standing in a dismantled state.

The one who buys part of the lumber of the contractor and tear it off themselves. Mr. Walbridge acknowledges responsibility for the delay. When he was asked the question he hedged a little.

"Well, if I should drag along unreasonably, I should probably be compelled to move faster, but there is no occasion to be too strict," he said. "I suppose I could send word to the contractor to have the thing done by tomorrow night or the day after."

"No, I am alone responsible, but it is not a thing in which the general public has any interest." "The people around there are complaining." "Let them complain to me."

"They are going to. They are circulating a petition." "Well, if they bring their petition here I will certainly look into the matter."

ILLUSTRATED WITH A CUT.

A Slashing Cuban Article.

DUESTROW AS A SMOKER.

The Condemned Murderer's Enormous Consumption of Cigarettes.

E. Switzer, who runs a general store out in Chillicothe, Mo., wants to know the number of cigarettes consumed by Arthur Duestrow since his incarceration in the St. Louis jail for the murder of his wife and child.

Friday morning Jailer Wagner received a letter from Mr. Switzer asking for information on this point. Switzer says he and a friend discussed the matter and they made a wager on it.

Deputy Jailer Will Wagner is of an obliging disposition and although Mr. Switzer is unknown to him he took some time Friday morning to get the figures.

According to Mr. Wagner's report Duestrow was committed to jail Feb. 18, 1894. When he had plenty of money at his command he smoked five and sometimes six packages per day. Since he has been short of money he has been able to get only three packages a day.

Mr. Wagner estimates that Duestrow has smoked on an average four packages of cigarettes daily since he has been in confinement. From Feb. 18, 1894, to Jan. 22, 1897, there are 1,095 days. Allowing four packages per day, this would make 4,380 packages of cigarettes. There are 20 cigarettes in each package, and the total number of cigarettes consumed by Duestrow, according to Mr. Wagner's figures, is 87,600.

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EMPLOYMENT GROUPING.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

20 words or less, 5c.

ACCOUNTANT—Situations wanted as accountant, bookkeeper or general office clerk; knows English, German and French; 14 years' mercantile experience. Ad. E 208, this office.

BARBER—Wanted, situation by first-class white barber; no students; 10 years' experience. Ad. H. Liley, Vandellia, Ill.

BAKER—Situations wanted by first-class bread and cake baker; city or country; 4400 S. Compton av. Ad. E 207, this office.

BUSINESS MAN—Competent business man wants position; 7 years' office experience and managing business generally; will guarantee satisfaction. Ad. T 207, this office.

BOOK-KEEPER—Wanted, position as book-keeper or cashier; 15 years' experience; best ref. and if business proves satisfactory some money to invest. Ad. E 201, this office.

BARTENDER—Situations wanted by young man of good address to tend bar or work in some store; good city references. Ad. H 305, this office.

BARTENDER—Situations wanted by first-class bartender; 35 years' age; swift, clean and able to fill position of trust. Ad. O 304, this office.

CLERK—Wanted, situation by grocery clerk; understands business thoroughly. Ad. E 204, this office.

COOK—Situations wanted by all-round head cook; \$2 or \$3 house; city or country; good references. John Cook, Chicago, Ill.

CLERK—Situations wanted by experienced young clerk aged 22; 5 years' experience; best of references. Ad. E 204, this office.

COACHMAN—Wanted, situation by experienced, sober coachman; knows the city well; I can give best city references. Ad. C 301, this office.

DENTIST—Wanted, position by good all-around dentist; 5 years' experience; will work reasonable salary. Ad. A 215, this office.

MAN AND WIFE—Wanted, by colored man and wife, good references; work; wife good cook and good housekeeper. Ad. G 280, this office.

MAN AND WIFE—Young married couple, no children, want a place on farm, near city, from the city; good references. Ad. T 207, this office.

MAN AND WIFE—Couple would like home with private family; \$2 week each. Call at side door, 4190 Morgan st.

MAN—Wanted, sit. to take care of horses or any other kind of private family work; good city references. Ad. E 206, this office.

MAN—A young German, short time in this country, wishes employment of any kind; cares more for good home than high wages. Bruno Schneider, 208 S. 24th st.

PAINTER—Wanted, situation by first-class painter, grainer and glazer; city or country. Ad. A 304, this office.

SALESMAN—Wanted, position with barber supply house as salesman or agent; security or reference. Ad. H 305, this office.

SALESMAN—Wanted, position as salesman in general store; ten years' experience; best references; will leave city. Ad. K 300, this office.

YOUNG MAN—Situations wanted by young man; 20 years' experience in life; 3 years' barber shop; 7 years' machine shop; in St. Louis; I can give who can use me at living wages. Ad. A 303, this office.

UP—Suits and overcoats to order. Meritt Tailoring Co., 8th and Olive.

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HELP WANTED—MALE

14 words or less, 10c.

BOY WANTED—Colored chore boy 15 or 16 years old. 903 N. Taylor av.

BARBER WANTED—A young man to learn the trade at 2003 Market st.

BARBER WANTED—For Friday, Saturday and Sunday. 1725 Franklin av.

BARBER WANTED—Young man to learn the trade. 105 N. 14th st.

CANVASSEER WANTED—Soap canvasser to sell to families; salary \$5. Apply 5:30 to 8, 3 N. 3d st.

FREE treatment for all private, blood and rectal diseases. General Dispensary, 171 Franklin av., St. Louis.

MAN WANTED—A first-class cream man. Apply to Donahue & Co., dairy factory, St. Joseph, Mo.

MAN WANTED—To work around country for board and small pay; old man preferred if active and handy with tools. Ad. E 203, this office.

MAN WANTED—Outside man for theatre gallery. Call at tent, Broadway and Convent st.

MENTOR—Entrepreneur men and women to take orders; 425 N. 1st st. between 1st and 2nd; experience; those men's business send 10c for sample outfit. Frank M. Co., Freeburg, Ill.

MEN WANTED—20 job class men and learn barber trade and latest situations in city or country; write for free information. Moler's Barber College, 11th and Franklin av.

MAN WANTED—A young man for light delivery; \$1 per day. 1420 Chouteau av.

PORTER WANTED—First-class colored porter. Apply at Waterfront Barber Shop, 7th and Chestnut, 10th floor.

INTER WANTED—Barber and college course of study for services. Ad. E 203, this office.

SALESMEN WANTED—Four traveling salesmen with small capital. Room 24, DeMott Bldg., St. Louis.

SHOEMAKER WANTED—On McKay work; bring tools. 2335 Franklin av.

THAMES AND MEN WANTED—A few teams and men with shovels at Jefferson and Wright st. St. Louis.

THOUSANDS of good places under the McKinley Administration in every part of the country; do not want one? The midwinter edition of the National Recorder. Write to get a position. Send 5c in stamps to the National Recorder, Washington, D. C.

YOUNG MEN WANTED—To learn barber trade; no college. Barber shop, 623 Chestnut st.

YOUNG MAN WANTED—Who can invest \$25 in well-paying business. Call after 4 p. m. at 1912 Broadway, 2d floor.

YOUR winter shoe—handsome, comfortable, good, well-crafted, leather, comfortable, extreme needs too. \$2.40. Harris, 440 N. 3rd st.

HAYWARD'S SHORT-

Hand and Business College, 219, 220, 221 and 223 Old Fellows Building. Day and night. Phone 4118.

STOVE REPAIRS.

Castings and repairs for stoves and ranges of every description. A. C. Bauer, 218 Locust st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

20 words or less, 5c.

BOOK-KEEPER—Wanted, by young lady, position as book-keeper and stenographer; 7 years' experience; gilt-edge refs.; own calligraph. Ad. W 277, this office.

COOK—German girl wishes situation as cook in boarding-house or kitchen work. 924 N. 10th st.

COOK—Wanted, situation by a colored woman as cook or to do general housework. 4215 S. Coe av., Marshall.

COOK—Situations wanted by a competent cook in private family. Place call at 1515 N. 20th st. upstairs.

COOK—Wanted, a place to cook and do laundry work in small family; best reference. 2007 Wash st.

DIETETICIAN—A first-class dietitian wants more engagements at home or out by the day. Ad. W 202, this office.

DRESSMAKER—First-class dressmaker who thoroughly understands the business wishes a few engagements in families; terms reasonable. Ad. E 207, this office.

DRESSMAKER—First-class dressmaker desires a few more engagements; reasonable; best reference. Ad. H 280, this office.

GIRL—Wants a place for light housework or to wash clothes in restaurant. 721 Division st.

GIRLS WANTED, situations by 2 colored girls; 1 as housekeeper and 1 as cook. 1800 Lucas av.

HOUSEKEEPER—Wanted, situation as housekeeper by a reliable worthy widow in nice family; city or country; reasonable. Call for 3 days at 681 Cass av., upstairs.

HOUSEGIRL—Good colored girl wants a good situation to do housework. Call 1080 Market, rear.

HOUSEGIRL—Wanted, situation by a young lady to do general housework; private or boarding. 24 Julia st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

20 words or less, 5c.

HOUSEKEEPER—Wanted, position as housekeeper by competent, old maid; city or country; best references. Ad. E 203, this office.

HOUSEGIRL—Wanted, situation by colored girl who does general housework; small family. 2519 Elliot av.

LAUNDRESS—White laundress wants rough-dried clothes to take home; guarantee satisfaction. 4534 North Market st.

LADY—Wanted, position in private family by young lady who speaks English and French; good references. Ad. D 304, this office.

LADY—A refined widow lady wishes home with Christian family; wages no object, as it is a home that is desired. Ad. D 304, this office.

LADY—Wanted, position to do office work by young lady; best education; good writer. Ad. P 206, this office.

NURSEGIRL—Girl 15 years old wants place as nurse or housegirl. 3724 Oregon av.

NURSE—A nurse with best city references would like to take care of lady during confinement. Ad. S 303, this office.

NURSE—Young lady, 19, wishes situation in doctor's office or private family, either as nurse or light housework. Ad. W 304, this office.

STENOGRAPHER—Laid stenographer and book-keeper on ladies' shirt waists. Apply at Premier Shirt Waist Factory, 7th and Market st.

STENOGRAPHER—Well experienced; best of references; moderate salary. Ad. E 204, this office.

STENOGRAPHER—Wanted, situation by experienced, sober coachman; knows the city well; I can give best city references. Ad. C 301, this office.

STENOGRAPHER—Wanted, position by good all-around stenographer; 5 years' experience; will work reasonable salary. Ad. A 215, this office.

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FOR RENT ROOMS, ETC.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

14 words or less, 10c.

BROADWAY, 513 S. N. C. Nice, clean furnished rooms. \$1.25, \$1.50 per week, with evening ref.

CHESTNUT ST., 1411—Clean, cheap housekeeping rooms, with privilege of bath. See them.

CASS AV., 2513—24-story front room, furnished, with bath, \$1.25 per week.

CHESTNUT ST., 1023—Nestly furnished front room for gentlemen; all conveniences.

EASTON AV., 3007—2 connecting rooms, furnished for light housekeeping.

FRANKLIN AV., 1500—Nestly furnished rooms for rent; \$1 to \$2 per week.

FRANKLIN ST., 1419—Nestly furnished room; heated with base burner; cheap.

FRANKLIN AV., 2201—2 neat, clean rooms, furnished with stove (coal and gas), cooking utensils, dishes, table, and 2nd floor \$2.50.

FRANKLIN AV., 817—Nestly furnished rooms for light housekeeping.

GARRISON AV., 304—Cor. Olive st., 1 or 2 24 hour front rooms, for sleeping or light housekeeping. \$1.25 per week.

GARRISON AV., 916 N. N. C. Nice, furnished front room, with bath, for 3 or 4 gentlemen; good board; reasonable.

LUCAS AV., 2704—Nestly furnished front room, third floor, for housekeeping; all conveniences; reasonable.

LUCAS AV., 2423—An elegantly furnished large front room, facing south; all conveniences; terms reasonable; references exchanged.

LEFFINGWELL AV., 214 S. 1—Room furnished complete for light housekeeping; refs. required.

LEFFINGWELL AV., 621 N. C. Furnished front room; cheap; 1st floor; no other rooms.

LUCAS AV., 2905—Furnished front room for gentlemen; \$1 to \$2 per week.

MORGAN ST., 1804—Nestly furnished room for gentlemen or light housekeeping; refs. required.

MORGAN ST., 2523—Two elegant rooms for gentlemen or light housekeeping; refs. required.

OLIVE ST., 1223—Large front room, nicely furnished, suitable for 2 or 3 gentlemen.

OLIVE ST., 2033—Front room for 2 gentlemen; \$6 each monthly; heat, gas and bath.

OLIVE ST., 2736—Nestly furnished 24-hour front room for 2, with ref.

OLIVE ST., 2223—Nestly furnished bath parlor, \$2.50; also large room; two for 4 gentlemen; gas, bath; \$2.50 weekly.

OLIVE ST., 2736—Nestly furnished bath parlor, with family of two. 3520 Lucas av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl for general housework; small family; good home. 1114 N. Bacon.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A white girl for housework; must give refs. 3424 Morgan.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl for general housework. 5441 Page av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good young girl for general housework; small family. 3211 Leada av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good German girl for general housework. 1025 N. Leonard av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Nestly furnished front room for light housekeeping. 4132 West Belle pl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl 11 or 12 years old for light housework. 2710 Danville st.

LAUNDRESS WANTED—Girl or woman for laundry work, housework and to assist with children. 2806 Olive st.

LADY WANTED—Young lady to make her home with family and do light housework. Apply 5706 Cabanne pl.

NURSEGIRL WANTED—Experienced German nursegirl, with refs. 4218 Washington av.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED—Experienced young lady stenographer; superior machine operator. Ad. in own handwriting K 303, this office.

WOMAN WANTED—An elderly woman or a young girl. 2033 Chestnut st.

AGENTS WANTED.

14 words or less, 20c.

AGENTS, salesmen, etc.—\$15 easily made daily; no experience necessary; no capital; no risk; no expense. Free. Lightning P. Co., 500 LaSalle, Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS WANTED—To solicit stock for St. Louis National Savings and Loan Co., 320 Union Trust Bldg., first-class contracts to men who can do business.

PARTNERS WANTED.

14 words or less, 20c.

PARTNER WANTED, lady or gent, with services, to partner with me in my business; I have established 6 years; must invest \$75. Ad. C 306, this office.

LOST AND FOUND.

14 words or less, 10c.

Lost. BOX—Lost, box containing books marked Dora M. Smith, 1000 N. 1st st. between 1st and 2nd. If found, please return to D. M. Smith, 1000 N. 1st st. between 1st and 2nd. Leave information at Walter-Knott Express Co. and receive reward.

LOST. Jan. 21, 1937, light spotted cow, with halter on. Return same to 4316 Finley av. (Lee Massengale and receive reward).

LOST. Brown water spaniel 1 year old; answers to the name of Ben. Return to 2220 California av. and receive reward.

HAT—Lost, hat on 4th st. cable. Liberal reward for return to 1000 N. 1st st. between 1st and 2nd.

HANDLE—Lost, a silver-plated carriage door handle;

THUMPED HIS YOUNG WIFE.

WILLIAM KERKURSH THOUGHT SHE WAS TOO GIDDY.

WEBSTER GROVES SENSATION.

Now the Young Couple Are Separated and the Gossips Are Having a High Time.

The gossips of Webster Groves are busy at present dissecting the marital troubles of William Kerkursh, Jr., and his young wife, formerly Miss Emma O'Hara. The wife has gone back to her parents, after an exceptionally bitter quarrel, which wound up in a flat fight in which Mrs. Kerkursh came out second best and people are speculating on the cause.

The trouble, according to the wife, is that Kerkursh is insensible. He objected to his wife receiving the least attention from other men.

It was on this account that they quarreled last Monday night. Kerkursh said that the wife was altogether too gay. Then he used physical force in an attempt to subdue her effervescence.

After this fight, the wife left her home, taking her baby girl with her. She went to the residence of her father, Jas. O'Hara, and has been there ever since. On Wednesday, while young Mr. Kerkursh was away from his home, Mrs. O'Hara went to the house and removed the piano and personal belongings of the young wife.

According to the story told by Mrs. Kerkursh to Post-Dispatch reporter Friday, the husband's attitude toward her was one of indifference. She says she has been in comparative peace until a few weeks since, when Kerkursh, according to the wife, began accusing her of being too fond of the company of others.

About a week ago, says Mrs. Kerkursh, she went to choir practice in the evening. The husband was not with her and one of the young men offered to see her home. She accepted. They strolled along in a leisurely manner until they reached a block of the city, when they were surprised by the husband, who had been in the car and followed them.

How often he struck her she cannot say, but she claims that it was more than once. She also claims that the blows were not "love taps." Then it was that Mrs. Kerkursh packed her trunk, and she says she never got back to her husband and will never forgive him for the treatment she received. She says she does not want a divorce, and is satisfied to retain Kerkursh as a married man.

"I don't know what I will do about it," said Mrs. Kerkursh Friday. "I guess I might as well let it go as it is. It is my difference to me. He is just young and foolish, that's all."

Young Mr. Kerkursh could not be found Friday, but it is stated that he does not want the separation. He says he is an operator and that he is in a bad way.

William Kerkursh, a 23-year-old boy, was fined \$5 by Judge Stevenson Friday for disturbing the peace of the city by shouting and making noise in the streets.

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INSANE WOMAN'S FLIGHT.

Escaped From the Female Hospital and Waded Down the Muddy Street.

HAVEN'T FILED THEIR BONDS.

Some of the Wife-Using Companies Were Not Bluffed by Mr. Marshall.

City Counselor William C. Marshall tried to work a Nic Bell bluff on wire-using companies. He notified them a few days ago that every one which failed to comply with all the requirements in the matter of acceptances and bonds by the 20th, would be everlastingly shut out.

There was a stampede of the gentlemen who did not know any better. Mr. Marshall looked over his list Friday and sheepishly announced that several had tumbled to his game and were still within the fold.

The Western Union Telephone Co. is shy one bond. American Telephone Co. and the Bell Telephone Co. have not accepted the Keene ordinance. The Edison Co. of St. Louis has accepted the ordinance.

Mr. Marshall said that the ordinance was a bluff. He said that the ordinance was a bluff. He said that the ordinance was a bluff.

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A HOME BREWERY ROBBER.

Wm. Wolf Tried and Held for the Grand Jury.

THE MARKETS.

A Madrid dispatch to the London Mail says the wheat market has resulted in great distress in the city.

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THE LITTLE WOMAN, "NEXT."

Its Omission Causes a Delay in the Wamsanger Divorce Proceedings.

A REPORTER'S ESCAPE.

He Was Glad Not to Be Working on a Local Paper.

Judge Murphy enjoyed his dinner Friday. The last case on his morning docket was that of Maggie Ewing, charged with petit larceny.

It developed that the prosecuting witness, John Thompson, was an alleged reporter, with Parkhurstian proclivities.

Murphy, turning on the young fellow with a yellow gleam in his eye, asked: "What's your name?"

"John Thompson," he answered. "I'm a reporter." "What's your name?"

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STOCKS IN THE WEST.

Four Suburban Avenue Residences Destroyed at Noon.

FIRE IN THE WEST.

A destructive fire caused excitement in a fashionable Cabanne neighborhood Friday noon. Four handsome residences were destroyed before the flames were extinguished.

The fire broke out shortly before 11 o'clock in the two-story home owned by Geo. Brock. The flames spread rapidly in both directions, spreading east to 61st and east to 61st and 61st.

Through two flames were turned in the fire was well under way when the engines reached the scene. The muddy condition of the streets made it difficult to reach the fire plugs even then.

House No. 618 Suburban avenue was damaged \$1,000. The house was owned and occupied by Patrick Maloney. The house was damaged \$1,000.

House No. 619 Suburban avenue was damaged \$1,000. The house was owned and occupied by Patrick Maloney. The house was damaged \$1,000.

House No. 620 Suburban avenue was damaged \$1,000. The house was owned and occupied by Patrick Maloney. The house was damaged \$1,000.

House No. 621 Suburban avenue was damaged \$1,000. The house was owned and occupied by Patrick Maloney. The house was damaged \$1,000.

House No. 622 Suburban avenue was damaged \$1,000. The house was owned and occupied by Patrick Maloney. The house was damaged \$1,000.

House No. 623 Suburban avenue was damaged \$1,000. The house was owned and occupied by Patrick Maloney. The house was damaged \$1,000.

House No. 624 Suburban avenue was damaged \$1,000. The house was owned and occupied by Patrick Maloney. The house was damaged \$1,000.

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House No. 627 Suburban avenue was damaged \$1,000. The house was owned and occupied by Patrick Maloney. The house was damaged \$1,000.

House No. 628 Suburban avenue was damaged \$1,000. The house was owned and occupied by Patrick Maloney. The house was damaged \$1,000.

House No. 629 Suburban avenue was damaged \$1,000. The house was owned and occupied by Patrick Maloney. The house was damaged \$1,000.

House No. 630 Suburban avenue was damaged \$1,000. The house was owned and occupied by Patrick Maloney. The house was damaged \$1,000.

House No. 631 Suburban avenue was damaged \$1,000. The house was owned and occupied by Patrick Maloney. The house was damaged \$1,000.

House No. 632 Suburban avenue was damaged \$1,000. The house was owned and occupied by Patrick Maloney. The house was damaged \$1,000.

House No. 633 Suburban avenue was damaged \$1,000. The house was owned and occupied by Patrick Maloney. The house was damaged \$1,000.

House No. 634 Suburban avenue was damaged \$1,000. The house was owned and occupied by Patrick Maloney. The house was damaged \$1,000.

House No. 635 Suburban avenue was damaged \$1,000. The house was owned and occupied by Patrick Maloney. The house was damaged \$1,000.

House No. 636 Suburban avenue was damaged \$1,000. The house was owned and occupied by Patrick Maloney. The house was damaged \$1,000.

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House No. 639 Suburban avenue was damaged \$1,000. The house was owned and occupied by Patrick Maloney. The house was damaged \$1,000.

House No. 640 Suburban avenue was damaged \$1,000. The house was owned and occupied by Patrick Maloney. The house was damaged \$1,000.

House No. 641 Suburban avenue was damaged \$1,000. The house was owned and occupied by Patrick Maloney. The house was damaged \$1,000.

FINANCIAL.

Cotton Futures, railroad stocks and bonds BOUGHT AND SOLD.

GRAIN, PROVISIONS.

Wheat, corn, soybeans, cottonseed oil, lard, tallow, etc.

Wheat, corn, soybeans, cottonseed oil, lard, tallow, etc.

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PERFECTLY AMAZING
Are "The Fair's" Grand Values in

Men's Pants.

All our Men's Wool Pants—neat fitting and strongly sewed—that were \$2.00 a pair, Saturday at... **\$1.45**

All our Men's Fine All-Wool Pants—stylishly cut and equal to every requirement of business—that were \$3.50, Saturday at... **\$1.95**

All our Men's High-Class Pants, made of splendid imported fabrics—cut in style and trimmed in the most sumptuous way—pants that were considered the greatest bargain in town at \$4.00 and \$5.00 a pair, Saturday at... **\$2.95**

Boys' Knee Pant Suits

At Astounding Prices for Saturday!
For ages 3 to 15 years.

All our Knee Pant Suits that were \$1.00, Saturday for... **59c**

All our Knee Pant Suits that were \$2.00, Saturday for... **95c**

All our Boys' Knee Pant Suits that were \$2.50, Saturday for... **\$1.45**

All our Boys' Knee Pant Suits of stylish all-wool materials, in all the prevailing styles, that were \$3.50 each, Saturday at... **\$1.95**

All our Boys' Knee Pant Suits of finer all-wool materials, splendidly cut and daintily made, that sold for \$4.50, Saturday at... **\$2.45**

All our Boys' Knee Pant Suits of extra fine quality all-wool materials, made up in all the prevailing styles, some beautifully braided and finished, that were \$5.00 each, will be slaughtered Saturday at... **\$2.95**

Boys' Long Pant Suits

For Ages 14 to 19 Years.

Here's Another Slaughter!
All our Boys' Long Pant Suits of excellent all-wool materials, that were \$6.50, Saturday for... **\$3.95**

All our Boys' Long Pant Suits of finer all-wool materials, as stylish and nobby as you want to see, that were \$7.50 and \$8.50, Saturday for... **\$4.95**

All our Boys' Long Pant Suits of finest imported materials, very nobby and faultless every way, that have been \$10.00 and \$12.00, Saturday for... **\$5.95**

Boys' Overcoats and Ulsters at Just Half Price.

Boys' Overcoats and Ulsters that were \$2.00 in this sale for... **\$1.00**

Boys' Overcoats and Ulsters that were \$3.00 in this sale for... **\$1.50**

Boys' Overcoats and Ulsters that were \$4.00 in this sale for... **\$2.00**

And so on up to the very finest, which were \$10.00, and they go at... **\$5.00**

MENS FINE SUITS, OVERCOATS & ULSTERS.



ALL STYLES ALL KINDS

Men's Hat Sale!
Saturday, for a lively trade bringer, we will sell all our Men's regular \$2.00 Black Derby Hats for... **\$1.10**

And all our Men's Fine \$2.00 Fedora Hats, in black, brown and steel, for... **\$1.10**

And all our Men's Fine Derby and Fedora Hats, in black and brown, that we get \$2.50 for other days, we will sell Saturday for... **\$1.73**

Men's Furnishings.
50 dozen Men's advance Spring styles in White Body Colored Bosom Shirts, with detachable collars, good value at \$1.00, Saturday at... **79c**

250 dozen Men's All-Wool Ribbed Undershirts and Drawers, easily worth \$1.00 per garment, Saturday at... **68c**

20 dozen Men's Fleece-Lined Undershirts and Drawers, Saturday at... **38c**

250 dozen Men's Black or Tan Half Hose, worth 15c a pair, Saturday at... **9c**

WONDERFUL, INDEED
Are "The Fair's" Saturday

Shoe Bargains.

Saturday we will sell another lot of those Boys' Carpet Slippers, in sizes 1 to 5, that sold regularly at 35c a pair, at the astonishing price of... **17c**

ALL OUR CHILDREN'S
Hand Turned Heavy Soled Shoes, pointed and square toes, sizes 6 to 8, that were 85c, \$1.00 and \$1.25 a pair, all in one lot, for Saturday at... **73c**

All our Children's Button and Lace Shoes, in all the new styles of toes, sizes 9 to 11, that were \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50 a pair, Saturday at... **89c**

ALL OUR MISSES' Lace and Button Shoes, in razor, opera and square toes, sizes 11½ to 3, that were \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75, all in one lot, for Saturday at... **98c**

ALL OUR INFANTS' Fine Dongola Shoes, sizes 2 to 5, that were 60c, 75c and 85c a pair, Saturday at... **49c**

Ladies' Shoes.

All our odds and ends of Ladies' Shoes, in square and opera toes—lace and button, nearly all high class goods, that were \$2.50, \$3, \$3.50 and \$4.00 (sizes 2 to 4) will be closed out while they last Saturday at... **\$1.39**

All our Ladies' Extra Fine Quality Lace and Button Shoes, in latest styles of toes, full assortment of sizes, that were \$3.00 and \$3.50 a pair, will be included in this great sale at the stunning price Saturday of... **\$1.98**

ALL OUR MEN'S Calf Lace and Congress Shoes, in all the prevailing styles of toes that were \$2.50 and \$3.00 a pair, Saturday at... **\$1.98**

All our Finest Qualities Men's Shoes, in Calf, Cordovan, Kangaroo, Patent and Gum, in leather, that were \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$8.00 a pair, you will now find in one big lot; take your choice Saturday for... **\$2.98**

BARGAINS

For Men...
Bargains for Boys...
Bargains for Children...
The sort of bargains you'll not find outside of our store.

ONE-QUARTER OFF

Regular prices on our
Fine Clothing,
Hats and Furnishings.
Newest, Freshest Goods in
St. Louis.

F. W. HUMPHREY CLOTHING CO. BROADWAY AND PINE.

A GRATE FIRE!

Of the No. 2 size of our Pittsburgh Crushed Coke is a positive luxury. Cleaner, prettier and fully one-third cheaper than hard coal. Perfect substitute for hard coal in stoves and furnaces.

Furnace \$4.00 Ton
Grate and Stove \$4.50 Ton
Single 25c Higher-Tons COAL AND COKE CO.

315 NORTH SEVENTH ST.

Compartment Sleepers, 8:45 P. M.
Burlington Route
TO
Kansas City
St. Joseph

TELEGRAM.
W. F. Williamson, Sign Man,
St. Louis, Mo.:
PAINT EVERYTHING IN SIGHT FOR
"RARE-BIT"
THE RAREST OF THE RARE.

EIGHT-HOUR LAW.
Building Trades Council Wants an Enforcing Act Passed.
The Building Trades Council is demanding that the General Assembly adopt an eight hour law to govern all contracts for public work. At the meeting of the Council Wednesday night, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, the welfare of the great State of Missouri depends greatly upon the prosperity of the farmer, the mechanic and the laborer, the fountain head of all wealth, and whereas, no event is so demoralizing to the masses of working men, so injurious to our grand State and detrimental to its welfare and good name, as these so-called strikes or walkouts on public work in large cities. Therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Building Trades Council of St. Louis and vicinity earnestly recommend to the Honorable General Assembly of the State of Missouri the passage of an act to regulate public work in cities having a population of 100,000 inhabitants or over, by the passage of an act to effectuate eight hour day's work, and efficient legislation to effectually prevent delays and strikes on public work.

In accordance with instructions from the council, Secretary H. W. Steinblum has drafted a bill to be presented to the Legislature, incorporating the substance of the resolutions. The draft of the bill provides for the enforcement of such a law as proposed would improve conditions, and by making labor better satisfied, would go far toward preventing strikes.

Of course, we have the eight hour day now," said Mr. Steinblum to a Post-Dispatch reporter, "but there is no provision for its enforcement. Such a law as proposed would improve conditions, and by making labor better satisfied, would go far toward preventing strikes."

COSTLY BAPTISMAL FOUNT.

Misses Kauffman's Handsome Gift to Lindell Avenue M. E. Church.
Lindell Avenue M. E. Church has one of the most beautiful baptismal fountains ever imported into this country. It was presented by Misses Violet and Marguerite Kauffman. It is of the finest Parian marble, its feet high and made after the pattern submitted by the father of the donors. Mr. John W. Kauffman when in Rome last summer. The figure of a small child reclining knee deep in violets and marguerites supports above its head a large sun shell, forming the bowl. The flowers fall from this over the little body, joining those at its feet.

The workmanship is exceptionally fine, being the best effort of one of the leading Roman sculptors. The fountain is valued at \$1,000.

CAUSED BY LACK OF CARE.

Mrs. Mary Bass Left a Big Grave Fire Unattended.
Fire did about \$400 damage to the three-story brick building at 1027 Morgan street at 6 o'clock Friday morning. The fire originated in a room on the third floor, occupied by Mrs. Mary Bass, she had built a big fire in the grate and some of the burning coals fell and spread out on the carpet.

Mrs. Bass was out of the room, and the fire gained considerable headway before the fire department arrived.

INTENSE SUFFERING

From Dyspepsia and Stomach Trouble.
Instantly Relieved and Permanently Cured by Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

PAID TO GET EMPLOYMENT.

Justmyer Didn't Get It, but He Obtained a Warrant.
William Justmyer of 5435 Church Row obtained a warrant Friday against E. I. Frey, who operates an employment agency at 706 Pine street. Justmyer showed by a receipt that he paid the agency \$2, for which he was promised a position. He was sent to a Chinese medical company where numerous other victims had preceded him, but was not given employment. Frey refused to return his money and Justmyer appealed to the police.

THE WABASH SELECTED AS THE OFFICIAL ROUTE

To the Chicago Cycle Exhibition.
Tickets on sale Jan. 22, 23, 24, 25 and 26.

To Lecture on Lincoln.
The Rev. Dr. Jesse Bowman Young will lecture on "Abraham Lincoln" Friday evening at the Dr. Fry Memorial M. E. Church, at Clinton Heights.

COMPARTMENT SLEEPING CARS

On Wabash night trains to Chicago and Kansas City.

VISITORS TO THE CITY.
Capt. C. H. Arthur, Indianapolis, Ind., is at the Laclede.
Wm. O. Lee, Detroit, is at the Southern.
Judge W. R. Eady, General Solicitor of the Union Pacific road, is at the Southern.
L. L. Friedman and wife, Kansas City, are at the Laclede.
Mr. L. Friedman and wife, Kansas City, are at the Laclede.
Wm. W. Penhody, Jr., of Cincinnati is a guest of the Laclede.
R. G. Lytle, Chicago, is at the Laclede.
A. G. Lyons and F. O. Graham, New York, are at the Southern.
G. G. Gleason, Vincennes, Ind., is at the Planters.
W. H. Calvert and E. A. Lytle, City of Mexico, are guests of the Laclede.
L. L. Hopkins, Sydney, is a guest of the Planters.
G. W. Linsinger and wife, Omaha, are at the Planters.

TO QUARANTINE CONSUMPTIVES.

DR. STARKLOFF IS IN FAVOR OF DRASTIC MEASURES.
EXPECTS TO CAUSE TROUBLE.

The Health Commissioner Will Recommend That Pulmonary Tuberculosis Be Classified as Infectious.

Health Commissioner Starkloff will recommend at the next meeting of the Board of Health official recognition of pulmonary tuberculosis, or consumption, as an infectious disease.

When this is done it will be possible to require all physicians who attend private patients, as well as the public institutions, to make a prompt report of every case that comes officially to their attention.

The Health Commissioner has long been a staunch supporter of this theory and has collected considerable data to support his position. He will suggest action similar to that recently taken by the Health Department of New York. Consumption will then be placed on the same basis as diphtheria, scarlet fever and other communicable diseases.

For several years Dr. Starkloff has closely studied the infectious properties of tuberculosis and has made several attempts to educate the people to a consciousness of the danger attending continued association with a consumptive. The mode of communication is mainly from the dried sputa from invalids. The germs in the sputa are carried into the air by sweepings, or deposited in the dust of the corners of rooms, and find their way into the lungs. These germs, or bacilli tuberculosis, have been thoroughly studied, and repeated successful inoculations have been performed on lower animals. From private houses where consumptives lived, when mixed with sterilized bouillon and injected into animals, has given similar results.

The Board of Health has repeatedly advised none to sleep in the same room with a consumptive, or in a room that has been occupied by such an invalid unless it has been previously fumigated with sulphur.

The St. Louis Board of Health will not be able to go so far as the New York department in the treatment and suppression of the disease, but what power it lacks the City Council will be asked to supply. With the Board's official recognition it will be imperative on the physicians to make reports of all cases, and their location will be carefully noted. The Health Commissioner is now preparing an ordinance to be submitted to the Council, and it will give the power to take charge of all infectious diseases, to quarantine them and to take what steps he deems necessary. This, though sweeping in its character, is aimed directly at pulmonary consumption. With the disease known in its true light

CITY'S CHANCE GROWS DIMMER.

ENTITLED TO EXPOSITION PROFITS IN EXCESS OF 8 PER CENT.
PRES. BOYD'S \$5,000 SALARY.

Board of Directors Have Never Had Occasion to Turn Any Money Over to the City.

The St. Louis Exposition and Music Hall Association met Tuesday and voted President T. B. Boyd a salary of \$5,000 per year. The ordinance vacating Missouri Park to the association without compensation limited the profits of the association to 10 per cent of the capital stock. Of this 2 per cent was to go to the city.

By an apparent oversight it, however, set no limit to the salaries which might be paid to real or ostensible officers.

The determined opposition of the association to the opening of Locust street through the building, coupled with threats to abandon it, if the project is pushed, has drawn attention to these things.

The ordinance authorizing the use of Missouri Park for an Exposition for fifty years was approved March 7, 1883.

Section 3 provided that "the rental for any charges of admission into said building the building a sum not exceeding 10 per cent on the capital stock of said proposed corporation, and of said sum all in excess of 8 per cent of said capital stock shall be paid yearly into the City Treasury for the use of the city."

Nobody could the City Hall seems to know whether the earnings of the Exposition have exceeded 8 per cent or not, but it is certain that if there was any excess it was not paid into the City Treasury.

The city would like to know whether there is a pressing need for opening Locust street through the Exposition, but the Exposition folks short not get obstreperous. They have done much for the city, but the city has done much for them. It gave them Missouri Park, which it ought never to have done.

"The city was to receive the excess in earnings over 8 per cent and under 10 per cent on the capital stock. It has never received a cent in the face of that association is voting its officers fat salaries. Just a day or two ago President Boyd was voted \$5,000 a year. I do not say that is the intention, but by gradually establishing a precedent, the city is liable to see that restriction could be defeated. It does not seem to me that the duties of the President and association which does business for one month in the year can be so very arduous.

"The gentlemen in the Exposition Association are public spirited, but they obtain a reasonable interest on their investment and pay no more for the city than a great many other business men who do their work quietly and without display.

"If the opening of Locust street is a public necessity these men have a chance to prove their unselfishness by making some little sacrifice.

"It certainly seems to me that the Exposition should be so managed as to produce some revenue to the city in return for its abandonment of Missouri Park."

Comptroller Isaac H. Sturgeon spoke very guardedly when asked about the matter.

"No," he said, "the Association has never paid the city anything. I do not suppose it has ever made as much as 8 per cent. It would be a very good thing if it did, but I probably be turned into repairs and improvements. I do not think it was the purpose of the city to enter into the business of the city to turn its profits over to the city."

The clause was simply inserted in the ordinance to act as a check and prevent the Exposition from becoming a money-making concern.

The gentlemen in the Association are too public spirited to try to gain anything by dodging their obligations to the city. I suppose the chairman in question the motives for salaries offered, but I don't know. I would not permit a breath to escape from my mouth in the question of the motives of these gentlemen."

The Comptroller was under the impression the city had made a report of its receipts to the city last year, but was not sure. He said he would look the matter up and if it had not it would be asked to do so.

Frederick Gabel, his assistant, was certain that a statement had been asked for and received, but no record of it could be found in the index books.

Both President T. B. Boyd and Manager Frank Gallenine are out of the city. The young man in charge now had the manager's office at the Exposition said he did not know whether the rules of the association with reference to salaries.

The association is under obligation to pay

THE BUSIEST SHOE STORE IN ST. LOUIS.

BOEHMER'S Mark-Down Sale SPECIAL.

1,300 pairs Hathaway, Soule & Harrington's Men's Winter Tan Shoes, dark ox blood, double sole, Baltimore edge, sizes 6 to 11, B to D. They would be cheap for \$4; Sale Price,

\$2.98

C. H. BOEHMER, 613 and 615 OLIVE ST., Next to Barr's.

STOLEN JEWELRY RETURNED.

Mrs. Josephine Roy's Experience With a Repentant Thief.

Mrs. Josephine Roy of 337 South Seventh street is rejoicing over the unexpected return of a number of valuable pieces of jewelry that were stolen from her home on the night of Jan. 1.

Between 7 and 8 o'clock Thursday, Mrs. Roy's daughter, Miss Jessie, heard a rap on the front door. She opened the door, but could see no one. She started to close the door, when she saw a package on the doorstep. She picked it up and carried it into the house.

The package was wrapped in brown paper, contain a lady's gold watch, a gentleman's all of which were stolen from the house on the night of Jan. 1. There was no writing on the package.

In Olden Times

People overlooked the importance of permanently benefited effects and were satisfied with transient action; but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently overcome habitual constipation, well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system.

REWARD FOR "SEWING GIRL."

\$2,000 Racing Mare Stolen From the Nashville Track.

The police are searching for the race mare, Sewing Girl, stolen from Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 19. The mare is valued at \$2,000. A reward of \$50 for its recovery and \$25 for the capture of the thief has been offered.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

It is a safe and reliable remedy for all ailments of infants and children.

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